



6-9-1904

The Independent, V. 30, Thursday, June 9, 1904, [Whole Number: 1510]

The Independent

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With a
Fourth Reef

By SIDNEY H. COLE

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Harriet Atherton stood on the end of the frail little pier, looking over the choppy water of the bay flecked with angry, hissing whitecaps. Save for these touches of white the water had taken on the leaden hue of the low clouds which hung the sky. The wind whipped her skirts about smartly and took upward liberties with her hair, blowing a fragrant brown strand now this way, now that, in charming abandon and bringing the color to her cheeks and the sparkle to her eyes at the thought of a sail in wind and water like these.

"On either side of the pier was a catboat, triple reefed, and in either catboat was a young man prepared to buffet the gale in the open water outside."

"Am I going out?" cried Harriet in response to a query from Stanley Drake. "Indeed I am. I'll be gone."

"You're not?" he replied sharply. "I'll marry you anyway," she said softly.

"I'm too wicked to marry anybody," she said.

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"Keep yourself together," Frisby snatched sharply. "Better take some brandy."

"She shook her head miserably. Frisby caught the tiller and held out the flask."

"Take it, it is medicine," he said sharply, quickly obeyed.

"He rounded the point again, and in the shelter of the bay the force of the gale was materially diminished. Frisby looked at the huddled figure of the girl beside him. He saw she was sobbing so unexpressed criticism gripped him."

"Good Lord!" he gasped. "I didn't know I was such a brute—that is, I didn't know it would come to the surface in this way."

"I—I always wanted you to stand out against my—my foolish whims," she said, "and when you did—I was angry—because you did what I wanted you to do, Jack."

"The last word came in a tone of pathetic entreaty. Frisby's pulse quickened."

"I've asked you a hundred times to marry me," he said. "Now I demand it."

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Second door above

Fine grades of cigars and tobacco always on hand.

COUNTY TREASURER'S

NOTICES.

In pursuance to an Act of Assembly approved March 17, 1888, and supplementary Act thereto, the Treasurer of Montgomery County will receive the taxes of said county for the year 1904, assessed in their respective districts, on or before September 15, 1904, will be given into the hands of a collector when 5 per cent will be added for collection as per Act of Assembly.

September 15, 1904, will not be answered.

Correspondence to receive attention must be accompanied by postage for reply and in all cases return of money to the Treasurer of the County of Montgomery, Pa. 110c.

GEORGE N. MALSBARGER,

Treasurer of Montgomery County.

County Treasurer's Office, Norristown, Pa.

East District, at the public house of Alfred Brown, Wednesday, July 15 from 1 to 3 p. m.

Borough of Jenkintown, at the public house of J. F. Costello, Thursday, July 16 from 8 a. m. to 10 p. m.

Township of Cheltenham, West, First, Second and Third Districts, at the public house of S. R. Clayton, Friday, July 16 from 8:30 to 11:30 a. m.

Township of Abington and Weldon Districts, at the public house of S. R. Clayton, Friday, July 16 from 1 to 3 p. m.

Township of Upper Merion, at the public house of Kohler Bros., Monday, July 19 from 8 to 10:30 a. m.

Township of Upper Merion, at the public house of S. N. Smith, Monday, July 19 from 1 to 3 p. m.

Township of Marlborough, at the public house of Samuel Barlett, Tuesday, July 19 from 8 to 11:30 a. m.

Borough of Greenlane, at the public house of W. S. Gross, July 19 from 1 to 3 p. m.

Borough of East Greenville and Township of Upper Merion, at the public house of S. R. Clayton, Tuesday, July 20 from 1 to 3 p. m.

Township of Upper Merion, Second District, at the public house of Robert C. Lowrey, Tuesday, July 20 from 7:30 to 9:30 a. m.

Borough of Red Bank, at the public house of W. M. Bargey, on Thursday, July 21 from 10:30 a. m. to 12 m.

Borough of Pottstown, Second and Third Districts, at the public house of G. H. Haines, Monday, August 1 from 8 a. m. to 10:30 p. m.

Borough of Pottstown, Fourth and Fifth Districts, at the public house of Harry H. Smith, Tuesday, August 2 from 8:30 a. m. to 10:30 p. m.

Borough of Pottstown, Sixth and Seventh Districts, at the public house of Harry H. Smith, Wednesday, August 3 from 8:30 a. m. to 10:30 p. m.

Borough of Pottstown, Eighth and Tenth Districts, at the public house of Harry H. Smith, Thursday, August 4 from 8:30 a. m. to 10:30 p. m.

Borough of Pottstown, Ninth Ward, at the public house of J. H. Peterman, Friday, August 5 from 8:30 a. m. to 10:30 p. m.

Borough of Pottstown, West Ward, at the public house of R. Shuler, Monday, August 8 from 8 a. m. to 10:30 p. m.

Borough of Pottstown, at the County Treasurer's Office, from June 1 to September 15 from 8:30 a. m. to 12 m. and from 1 to 3 p. m.

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no spring rose that spring, nor no day like that day.

"I didn't tell her so—I was feared almost to touch her. I was so rough an' rude an' she so like a flower, but I thought of an evenin' I was layin' out on the mountain side with only the stars for a roof, workin' in the shaft or settin' in my shack listenin' to the wind howlin' through the timber an' the cracklin' of the fire, Mary was everythin'."

"But she was in the first stir that came shinin' out at night, in the first flowers that sprung up in the bottom lands. The voice of the river in the shallow places was like her laughter."

"The old man pointed a sinewy finger down toward a clump of trees below us."

"It was that on that point, with the river on one side an' the lake on the other, that I built my house, settin' up here of an evenin' I was to be wedded."

"But," replied the lady, "why go into mourning? You do not really mourn the loss of that man. He used to beat you and the children. He stole their clothes and yours to buy drink. He tried to murder you. He had been sent from home for months. Now that he has turned up again and died, you want to buy black with money which should go to feed your children?"

"The woman admitted the truth of it all. Mary, in the end, she said, 'I was not unfaithful. I was not what the neighbors say if I don't put on black?'"

"Well, supposing I do manage to help you, for what day do you want the clothes? When is the funeral?"

"The lady asked, 'Oh, where shall I go to?' 'Hush,' the suppliant answered. 'My husband died nine months ago in the prison hospital, but it's only this mornin' as I've heard about it.'"

"An' then one evenin' I went down to Mary's house for to tell her. It was gettin' dark, as it might be this very evenin', I landed quick an' came up the path, an' then I knowed what I might have known all along for Jim an' Mary were settin' lookin'

THE INDEPENDENT

Published Every Thursday.

COLLEGEVILLE, MONTG. CO., PA.

E. S. MOSER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

THURSDAY, JUNE 9, 1904.

FRIDAY informs the editor that it is rather easier to test the acoustic qualities of the new temple than it is to get astride the apex of the dome.

LABOR riots in the Cripple Creek region of Colorado, Monday, are reported to have resulted in the death of 22 men. It is also reported that Sheriff Bell, of Victor, was shot and killed.

THE deadlock which for 12 days and through 78 ballots held firm the delegates of the Republican gubernatorial Convention, at Springfield, Illinois, was broken Thursday when Charles S. Deener was nominated for Governor. Governor Yates withdrew in favor of Deener, who is expected to help elect Yates a United States Senator.

If "Bob White" eats all that is claimed by the ornithologists, including weed seed, cotton boll weevil, potato and chinch bugs, cotton worms and locusts, then the lives of all "Bob Whites" should be protected by law every day in the year from the gunpowder and shot of hunters. It is also claimed that the partridge eats no fruit, and we believe the claim to be a valid one. This much cannot be said in favor of robins—the most voracious fruit thieves of all the feathery tribes.

THE Philadelphia Record says: "President Roosevelt, in his recent Gettysburg speech, falsified history in asserting that the object of the civil war was freedom of the slaves. Nothing is to be gained by this travesty of historic truth. The purpose of the war was restoration of the Union, as President Lincoln so often repeated, and emancipation of the blacks was an episode of the conflict and a military necessity." This is true enough, and yet it is also true that the relentless and bitter agitation of the slavery question, North and South, forced the issue of States' rights which finally led to secession and civil war, and later to the abolition of slavery in consequence of the conflict.

THE various exercises of commencement week at Ursinus College afforded profitable entertainment and social enjoyment for hundreds of the graduates of former years, students, and friends of the institution. Within the past decade much additional prestige has been added to the College by the maintenance of an excellent standard in higher educational work under the direction of President Spangler. That the institution will continue along progressive lines with a new President at its head, and that every year will add to its strength and influence in the cause of liberal education, is the devout wish of every true friend of Ursinus College. Let all bespeak for President Ebbert the largest possible measure of success.

THE matter of filling the vacancy in the U. S. Senate caused by the death of Matthew Stanley Quay is affording a fruitful theme for the newspapers and politicians. The Constitution of the United States says the Executive of any State may appoint a Senator until the next meeting of the Legislature, and the Constitution of Pennsylvania has it that the Governor shall convene the Legislature for the purpose of filling such vacancy, by proclamation or notice not exceeding sixty days. A plain contradiction as to National and State constitutional law is therefore involved in the present situation. To convene the Legislature, at an expense of many thousands of dollars, for the purpose of choosing a United States Senator, would be a piece of gross extravagance. The Governor will be warranted, under existing circumstances, in filling the vacancy by appointment. Should he determine to do so, he will name a statesman! Furthermore, the Governor may in his wisdom select a Senator who is not particularly the protégé of any of the distinguished gentlemen who are at present industriously engaged in deciding who shall be appointed by the Governor, or chosen by the next Legislature. It may be safely asserted that if the Governor should surmise some of the political leaders he will not displease the people of Pennsylvania.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 2, 1904.

—The Republican Campaign Committee spends some part of every day at its headquarters here conjecturing what class of partisan literature it had better send out as an appeal to the doubtful districts. The speeches of Lodge, Dooliver, Dabell, and Allison will be fired off through the mails by the hundred thousand, and two or three speeches in defense of the President's acquisition of the Panama belt will be given an immense circulation. It is the purpose of the committee to allude to our outlying possessions only briefly and incidentally, the President having repeatedly informed the country that the discussion of their rights and wrongs is closed.

At the Riggs House the Democratic Congressional Committee occupies a suite of six or eight rooms. Colonel Cowherd of Kansas City and his associates are now figuring to determine what speeches and other public documents will be most effective for distribution in forty-two close and contested districts.

During the week we have entertained the British Mayors and public men who have come to this country to study the methods by which we have attained municipal perfection and purity. Speeches were made at the banquet table, but it does not seem to have occurred to any orator to warn Lord Lynden that perhaps he had better not escort his party to St. Louis, Philadelphia, New York, Minneapolis, Grand Rapids, and some other cities that might be named. Of course the lion roared amicably and

the eagle screamed affectionately. The chief Commissioner of Washington, MacFarland, our mayor in fact, declared in a plaintive voice that he regretted that he did not know the names of all the royal family. Many toasts were proposed to President Roosevelt, King Edward, Lord Lynden, and others were drunk standing. Milord reminded the people of the United States that the flags of the two countries were very much tangled together and that "the hearts of your people beat with the instinct of empire." He said that if Americans and Englishmen would fight on the same side, "It would ensure the peace of the world!"

"Gus" Buell died the other day in a Philadelphia hospital, the last of the three audacious wits who a quarter of a century ago made the Washington Capitol famous.—Donn Platt, George Butler, and Augustus C. Buell. They belonged to the slap-dab, slam-bang style of writers, merciless Bohemians who spared nobody and impaled the most majestic statesman on the point of a jibe. As a friend said of them, "Platt drove the stiletto into the vitals of his enemies, Butler smothered them under an avalanche of poisoned roses, like the Emperor Hellogabalus at the feast of the plotters, and Buell macerated them with a battering-ram." It was a flamboyant outfit. By some incomprehensible magic George Butler induced that brilliant actress, Rose Ekyne, to marry him, and when she took him to the Nile he ordered a cartload of champagne out to the Pyramids and tried to make the Sphinx drunk with repeated and monstrous libations.

The project to make Washington the headquarters of art and music

in the United States seems quite Quixotic to the citizens of New York and Cincinnati, but still there are a good many with both money and accomplishment who cherish the fond dream. The fact that all Americans have a proprietary interest in this city and everybody feels that he is a part owner, inclines people of wealth to do what they can towards decorating and embellishment. On Monday, Trinity College of Women received as a present the gift of shapely buildings and a gallery of paintings, statuary and etchings valued at \$500,000. It was the gift of Judge and Mrs. O'Connor of Los Angeles, Cal., and is to be known as the O'Connor collection. There are 425 choice works of art. Of these ten are original statues, 115 are oil paintings, chiefly copies of religious masterpieces in Italy, and 239 are engravings and etchings in black and white. Besides this, the foundation has been laid here for a National Conservatory of Music. It is under the patronage of the Baroness Hengemuller, wife of the Austrian Ambassador, and her protegee, Miss Von Unschuld will be its first president. It is the ambition of its faculty that the conservatory shall rank with the celebrated conservatories of Paris, Leipzig and Brussels, so that ambitious American youth need not go abroad for the best musical training.

Among the last words which Senator Quay spoke to his family was the request that he be buried inexpensively and without ostentation. He was a very wealthy man and desired to set an example to be copied. But Congress thinks that no member should ever be buried without ostentation.—without a funeral costing the country from \$5,000 to \$25,000. Mrs. Quay forbade even the simplicity of a Masonic funeral and the parade of a Grand Army post. But Congress chartered two immense special trains and Speaker Cannon appointed the entire Pennsylvania delegation of thirty-two members to attend the funeral. Twenty Senators were also appointed, summoned from distant states. The trains were as usual equipped with the rarest foods, and plenty of champagnes and cigars costing fifty cents a piece. Would this indecent show have been made at Beaver or anywhere else if every man attending had had to pay his own expenses?

Josephus Daniels, editor of the Raleigh, N. C. News and formerly Hoke Smith's secretary here, has been fined \$2,000 for contempt of Court by Judge Thomas R. Purnell of Raleigh. Josephus and the Judge do not deny cherishing contempt for each other, but Josephus presents himself in rather a foolish light by comparing himself to John Bunyan who was also persecuted and remarking that his friends have offered to tear down the jail in case he is put in it. This boast would seem to remove him from the Bunyan class, as did the impudent language which he used concerning the Judge. Josephus should remember that he is a member of the Democratic National Committee and should preserve his dignity.

THE STANDARD YARDSTICK.

From the Washington Star.

"People who handle the yardstick have but little idea of the years of study and experiments that were necessary to secure the standard yard measure," observed an official of the coast survey.

"Bird, a famous scientist, made the first standard yard in 1760, but the English government did not realize it until 1824. Ten years afterward, when the house of parliament in London was destroyed by fire, the standard yard was lost, and England was again without a standard yard of length. Sheepbanks next made a standard measure, which the English government adopted, and so that it could not be again destroyed by fire, four authorized copies were made of it. One of these was deposited in the royal mint, another in the Royal society, another in the observatory at Greenwich, and the fourth was imbedded in the walls of the new house of parliament.

"The standard yard measures which are owned by the government are copies of the original, one of which is owned by the coast survey. The United States naval observatory has one also. The delicacy of its construction may be gathered by the fact that a change of temperature of one-hundredth of a degree of Fahrenheit has been found to produce a sensible effect on the length of the bar.

"The copies of the standard are made of bronze, for the reason that bronze is less affected by temperature than any distinct or single metal.

"The cost of construction of the original standard yard measure involved the labors of Bird and his assistants for nearly six years. Sheepbanks was 11 years in producing the accurate copies which he made from Bird's original measurements."

BIG CARVING KNIFE.

The biggest carving knife ever manufactured may be seen at the World's Fair. This monster blade is 30 feet in length and has an edge as sharp as a razor. It is made out of the finest steel, and the handle is a masterpiece of the cutler's art, elaborately carved and beautifully polished. It would take a veritable giant to wield a knife like this. The blade is altogether of American manufacture, and it is expected to show for the first time that American cutlery has now reached a point

of perfection where it fears no rivalry. The giant carving knife cost several thousand dollars, and special machinery had to be made before its construction could begin. No such knife was ever before manufactured.

No Competition.

The uniform success of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in the relief and cure of bowel complaints both in children and adults has brought it into almost universal use, so that it is practically without a rival, and as everyone who has used it knows, is without an equal.

For sale by Jos. W. Culbert, Collegeville, and M. T. Hunsicker, Rahm Station.

TO BALTIMORE

—IN A—
Steamboat.

Beautiful Inland Water Route Between Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Day Boat sails every morning at 7:30, arriving early the same afternoon. Night Boat sails every afternoon at 5 o'clock (except Sunday). Through tickets to Washington, D. C., and the South. Fare—Day Boat, \$1.50; Evening Boat, \$2.00.

Excursion, good for 15 days, \$2.50, good on either Day or Night Boat. Send for illustrated pamphlet.

F. S. GROVES, Agent,
Pier 3, South Delaware Avenue,
Philadelphia.

Get it To-Day.

GET IT RIGHT AWAY.

A Complete Sofa Pillow and Embroidery Outfit Worth \$1.00 for 25 Cents.

1 handsome Tinted Sofa Pillow, including Back, and specially written diagram lesson by a Japanese Expert Needle Worker. 4 skins of Richardson Grand Prize Great Britain for Sewing Pillow. 1 pair of good serviceable Embroidery Hoops. Your choice of designs—Rose, Holly and Pansy.

By a special arrangement with the manufacturer and with a view to giving our lady patrons the benefit of this unusual offer, we now have a limited number of these handsome outfits on sale. You don't want to miss this bargain of bargains, so call at once. Red Star Trading Stamps given with every purchase amounting to 10 cents.

MRS. FRANCES BARRETT,
Main St., COLLEGEVILLE.

Oxford
TIES
FOR
Women.
Twelve
Different
Kinds
\$1 to \$3

Patent Colt Skin, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00.
Rusian Calf, Ox, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$3.00.
Vici Kid, Ox, \$1.25, \$1.50.
Vici Kid, Hand Sewed, \$1.75 and \$2.00.
Misses and Children's, Oxford and Sandals in Patent Leather and Russet.
LA FRANCE SHOES, \$3.00.

Main St. H. L. NYCE,
Norristown.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

—AND—

Wedding Invitations

Including both inside and outside envelopes, \$3.50 per Hundred.

You have your choice of Old English, Tiffany Text, Block or Script Samples, of which we submit.

All orders will have our prompt attention.

G. LANZ,
JEWELER AND OPTICIAN,

211 DEKALB STREET,
NORRISTOWN, PA.

A TRINITY OF EVILS.

Cured by Cal-cura Solvent, the Great New Medicine, After Other Treatment Had Failed. Your Money Back if it Does Not Cure.

Mr. Martin Montgomery, of Silvana, Pa., formerly of Roxbury, N. Y., writing to Dr. David Kennedy, of Kennedy Row, said: "Your new medicine, Cal-cura Solvent, is wonderful. It cured me of liver and kidney troubles, and rheumatism, after a lot of weary dosing with things that did no good. It is a record breaker and no mistake." As in Mr. Montgomery's case, rheumatism is often, indeed almost always, complicated with kidney and liver trouble. It is because Cal-cura Solvent acts on the kidneys and liver and at the same time expels uric acid from the blood, that it is such a reliable remedy for rheumatism and the attendant disorders. It cures by removing the cause, therefore the cure is permanent, safe and sure.

If your druggist does not have Cal-cura Solvent, write to the Cal-cura Company, Rondout, N. Y., or ask your druggist first. \$1.00 a bottle. Only one size.

THE CHRISTIAN Churches at Constantinople, Turkey, and Yokohama, Japan, have long used the Longman & Martinez Paints for painting their churches. Liberal contributions of L. & M. Paint will be given for such purpose wherever a church is located.

F. M. Schofield, Harris Springs, S. C., writes: "I painted our old homestead with L. & M. twenty-six years ago. Not painted since; looks better than houses painted in the last four years."

W. B. Barr, Charleston, W. Va., writes: "Painted Frankenburg Block with L. & M. Shows better than any buildings here have ever done; stands out as though varnished, and actual cost of paint was less than \$1.20 per gallon. Wears and covers like gold." These Colored Paints are sold by H. H. Robison, Collegeville, Pa.

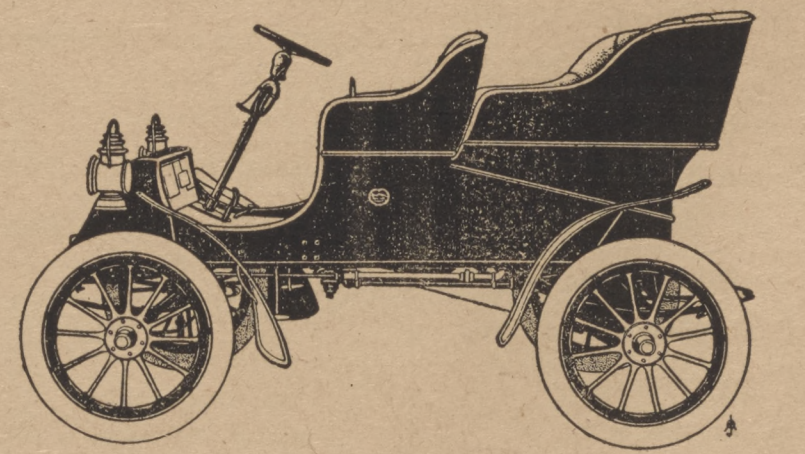
Spring and Summer CLOTHING

LATE SEASON--LATE OPENING.

WE INVITE OUR COUNTRY FRIENDS to call and see our new line of Spring and Summer Suitings—our town friends will see them, of course. Latest weaves, neatest patterns, ready-made to fit any man or boy—and the prices will bear comparison with any city department store.

CUSTOM TAILORING.

HERMAN WETZEL,
66 and 68 E. Main St., NORRISTOWN, PA.



FORD AUTOMOBILE

Is the most satisfactory Automobile made for every-day service. The Two Cylinder Opposed Motor eliminates the vibration so noticeable in other machines. The body is luxurious and comfortable, and can be removed from the chassis by loosening six bolts.

Price with Tonneau, \$900. As a Runabout, \$800. Standard equipment includes 3-inch heavy double tube tires. SEVERAL SECOND-HAND MACHINES ON HAND.

For Sale by WM. P. DAVID, Bridgeport, Pa.

FOR FRESH GOODS

—GO TO—

Odd Fellows' Hall Grocery.

Try Our Coffees, Canned Fruits, Dried Fruits and Confectionery.

John H. Bartman, COLLEGEVILLE, PA.

Daily and Sunday Papers.

STEAM HEATERS

I am prepared to promptly furnish and erect STEAM AND HOT WATER HEATERS and to do all kinds of repairing, so to heaters and steam fixtures. Send for description of "Charger" and "Imperial" Steam Heaters. These are among the very best on the market, and sure to give satisfaction.

ALL KINDS OF PUMPS

furnished, or repaired. Wind Mills supplied and erected. Good workmanship guaranteed. A share of the patronage of the public respectfully solicited.

J. H. BOLTON, COLLEGEVILLE, PA.

JUNE

The month of Commencements and Weddings is here. I have something for both occasions.

For Graduates. For Brides.

Diamond Brilliant

Rings, Cut Glass, Brooches, Watches, Dainty Silverware, Fountain Pens, Silver Novelties, Chocolate and Tea Sets, Pearl, Silver Knives, Forks, and Gold Mounted Spoons, and Umbrellas. THE KING. PLEASING PRICES PREVAIL.

J. D. SALLADE'S, JEWELER AND OPTICIAN, 16 EAST MAIN ST. Opposite Public Square, NORRISTOWN, PA.

Choice GOODS

—FOR—

Summer Time.

Light and attractive dress goods and novelties for the ladies.

Furnishing goods in variety, including straw hats for the men and boys.

Complete Stock of Groceries

At Fair Prices.

Paints, Oils, Putty, Glass, Etc., Etc.

Or anything to be found in a well supplied country store.

E. G. Brownback, TRAPPE, PA.

YOU WILL MAKE NO MISTAKE

In making your purchases at FENTON'S STORE. Years of experience enables the proprietor to know just what to buy, how to buy, and how to sell the thousand and more articles kept in stock in a thoroughly equipped general store.

In DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, DRIED FRUITS, CANNED GOODS, or in any department of the big store on the corner you will find what you want at the right price.

Ready-made Pantalones and Overalls, Overshoes, and Fren's Boots and Shoes are from the specialties.

Crockery and Glassware, Paints, Oil, Putty, Hardware.

Gent's Furnishing Goods in variety.

W. P. FENTON, COLLEGEVILLE, PA.

PERKINSON VALLEY Mutual Fire Insurance Co. of Montgomery County.

Incorporated May 13, 1871.

Insures Against Fire and Storm.

INSURANCE IN FORCE, \$8,400,000.

Office of the Company: COLLEGEVILLE, PA.

A. D. FETTEROLF, SECRETARY.

H. W. KRATZ, President, Norristown, Pa.

Regular office day of the Secretary, Friday of each week; also every evening.

FOR MAY COMFORT

Try Our Halbrigan or Wool Gauze Underwear, 25c. to \$1.00.

Negligee Shirts, Neat Style or Figure, 35c. to \$1.00.

Hose, Suspenders, Neckwear at Popular Prices.

Hats, Soft or Stiff, 50c. to \$2.50. Straw Hats, 25c. to \$1.00.

Men's Pants, 75c. to \$4.00. Men's Suits, \$5.00 to \$12.00.

Boys' Suits, \$1.50 to \$5.00.

Trunks, \$2.50 to \$6.50. Suit Cases, \$1.00 to \$5.00.

I. P. WILLIAMS, ROYERSFORD.

Main Street.

HEADQUARTERS

—FOR—

LINENS, LININGS AND TRIMMINGS

—AND FOR—

All Domestic Dry Goods.

A fortunate purchase has landed on our counters some choice patterns in DRESS GINGHAMS, which we are sharing with our patrons at 10 cents per yard, although worth much more.

The GINGHAM SALE includes another excellent selection at 6 cents a yard. We have sold three cases of these and have only a few left. The price however will remain the same until all is sold.

See the New Fancy Silks For Shirt Waists Suits

Also a very extensive assortment of Black and Colored Taffeta Silk to match all shades and colors of Dress Goods.

Cotton Nub Voiles Cotton Nub Madras, Right in style and of beautiful effect. In all colorings so much in demand.

FIL - DE - SOI

These look as charming as all silk material and cost but 20 and 25c. a Yard.

LENO APPLIQUE.

This is an entirely new dress fabric on the lawn order, with rich applique lace stripes, furnishing beauty and coolness. Nothing like it for less than 15 cents. Our Price 10 Cents.

I. H. Brendlinger Company,

80-82 Main Street, 213-215 DeKalb Street, NORRISTOWN, PA.

BLUE FLAME OIL STOVES

FROM \$4.00 UP.

BRASS-LINED IRON PUMPS, : : : \$6.00 UP.

PAINTS, OILS, PUTTY, ETC.

GEO. F. CLAMER,

—DEALER IN—

ALL HARDWARE SUPPLIES, COLLEGEVILLE, PA.

HEADQUARTERS FOR Refrigerators - and - Porch Rockers.

The Belding & Hall REFRIGERATORS & ICE CHESTS have been sold in town for 30 years and always given satisfaction. Every one guaranteed.

\$6.50 up.

THE FAMOUS Heywood Go-Cart. The original Automobile Cart. Easiest running and handiest to adjust.

\$3.75 to \$25.

Porch Rockers \$1 to \$3.75. Genuine Cane Seat and Back, and all other styles for appearance and comfort.

FURNITURE. Largest Stock of All Kinds. Parlor Suits, Bed Room Suits, Cheffoniers, Sideboards, Extension Tables, Dining Room and other Chairs.

One Price Store. All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

GUS EGOLF, 113 EAST MAIN STREET, Norristown, Pa.

KEYSTONE PHONE 70.

The Dr. N. S. Borneman Est. Dental Offices

209 Swede Street, - Norristown, Pa.

WE WISH TO INFORM THE PUBLIC of the fact that we have secured the services of Dr. E. S. Ritter, D. D. S., who was with Dr. N. S. Borneman for over ten years, during which time he was under the direct supervision of his uncle, Dr. Borneman, and is therefore acquainted with his excellent methods of doing dental work, which met with universal satisfaction as shown by his large practice which was undoubtedly the largest in Montgomery county.

During the time that Dr. Ritter was associated with Dr. Borneman, gas was administered over 11,000 times, so that he has had a wide experience in this important branch of Dentistry. The Filling of Teeth, Crown and Bridge Work, Artificial Sets, etc., will receive careful attention.

Dr. Ritter will be assisted by a former assistant of Dr. Borneman in the administration of

Pure Nitrous Oxide Gas, which is a Specialty.

English and German Spoken.

The N. S. Borneman Est.

4-14-2m.

Capital and Surplus, \$200,000.00.

Name this Company as your Executor or Trustee for your children and you are assured ample protection. No Losses—No Delays—No Mistakes. Your estate will receive the most careful and accurate attention. While drawn and safely kept without charge.

THE ALBERTSON TRUST AND SAFE DEPOSIT CO. NORRISTOWN, PA.

ALL KIND OF BLACKSMITHING

Done at the old stand at IRONBRIDGE. First-class Horse shoeing a specialty. BERNARD MILLER.

FOR RENT. Nine well furnished rooms, with piano, in Trappe. Apply to DE. J. W. ROYER, Trappe, Pa.

FOR SALE. Galvanized iron smoke stack, 10 feet in length and 10 inches in diameter, with top. As good as new. Apply at THIS OFFICE.

POINTS FOR THE SUMMER GIRL

Nothing is more important than the Corset for the foundation of the new dress. Style and shape depend on this important garment.

The ROYAL WORCESTER

leads the world over. They're made on the "KNOW HOW" plan. They are shaped by experts and made by skilled workwomen in the finest factory in America.

A trained lady adjuster is at your service at our store any time, or you may try the corset at home and return it if not satisfactory.

50 CENTS

Amoria, Batiste (latest cut).
Columbia Net (not weather).
Ideal-Cut (medium).
51 Every Ladies' Prize
Princess Hip, straight front, short.
Princess Hip, straight front, medium.
Princess Hip, straight front, long.
Bias Gored Batiste, short.
Bias Gored Batiste, medium.

\$1.50 and \$2.00

Princess Hip, with garters attached.
\$2.50 Dower
This is self-reducing and the only corset that has accomplished, without discomfort, what it claims.

China Silk Shirt Waists

These are now coming in season, but our purchase was made so close that we have so far received only a few from the factory. Plain Black and White the best you ever saw for

\$2.00 and \$2.50

We will be pleased to have you compare any \$3.00 goods shown you.

The Art Annex

is blossoming now with the pretty silks and yarns you'll need, to while the idle hours you'll spend in the country or by the seaside.

D. M. YOST & CO., NORRISTOWN, PA.

RAILROADS.

Philadelphia & Reading Railway

Engines Burn Hard Coal—No Smoke

IN EFFECT MAY 15, 1904.
Trains Leave Collegeville.

FOR PHILADELPHIA—Week days—6:14, 7:13, 8:12, 11:34 a. m.; 6:05 p. m. Sundays—6:30 a. m.; 6:30 p. m.

FOR ALLENTOWN—Week days—7:39, 11:04 a. m.; 3:32, 6:35, 9:30 p. m. Sundays—8:30 a. m.; 7:30 p. m.

FOR EAST GREENVILLE—5:38 p. m.

LEAVE PHILADELPHIA—Week days—6:08, 9:38 a. m.; 1:36, 4:38, 5:38 p. m. Sundays—7:09, 9:30 a. m.; 6:31 p. m.

LEAVE ALLENTOWN—Week days—2:10, 6:00 p. m. Sundays—7:45 a. m.; 6:50 p. m.

LEAVE NORRISTOWN—6:58, 10:28 a. m.; 6:04 p. m.

LEAVE PHILADELPHIA—Week days—7:17, 10:47 a. m.; 3:02, 6:21, 6:31 p. m. Sundays—8:13 a. m.; 7:22 p. m.

LEAVE ALLENTOWN—Week days—4:07, 6:50, 9:45 a. m.; 4:40 p. m. Sunday—4:45 a. m.; 4:45 p. m.

LEAVE EAST GREENVILLE—6:30 a. m.

ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION.

IN EFFECT MAY 23, 1904.

Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut Street wharf and South Street wharf, for

ATLANTIC CITY. ATLANTIC CITY. OCEAN CITY.

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CLOVER SEED

We have a choice lot of clover seed. Call and examine it. The seed is the best we can buy and you will find our price right.

You will also find at our store the

Best of Garden Seeds,

as we buy our seeds in bulk and

paper our own seeds, putting it

up fresh every year.

The N. H. Benjamin Co.,

305 BRIDGE ST.,

Phoenixville, - Penna.

PHONE 12.

J. P. Stetler, Manager.

FRANK W. SHALOP,

(Successor to John S. Kepler.)

Undertaker - Embalmer

TRAPPE, PA.

I will have the assistance of Daniel Shaler,

an undertaker of many years' experience,

and shall spare no effort to meet the

expectations of those who will entrust me

to serve them.

Will meet trains at all Stations. Or-

ders received by telephone or telegraph.

2-3

THE OLD STAND

Established - - 1875.

Collegeville Bakery.

Choice Bread

AND

Cakes

IN VARIETY.

Full assortment of Cakes and Confection-

ery always on hand. Ice Cream and Water

Ice. Special attention given to supplying

Weddings and Parties.

JOHN H. CUSTER,

223a. COLLEGEVILLE, PA.

LIVERY AND

BOARDING STABLES

At Stroud's Railroad House,

COLLEGEVILLE, PA.

TEAMS TO HIRE

At all hours. Passengers conveyed in hack

or carriage to any destination desired.

HORSE CLIPPING every weekday

morning.

Contracts for moving goods and

heavy hauling taken.

Lot of Second-hand Buggies

for sale at away-down prices. Come and

see the bargains.

Also Carriages, harness, blankets, etc.,

or sale at reasonable prices.

General Blacksmith Business at Davis'

Oak Stand.

HENRY YOST, JR.

Telephone—Keystone No. 12.

D. & A. Phone No. 6 M.

When in Norristown, Pa.,

STOP AT THE

RAMBO HOUSE,

(Opposite Court House).

—00—

First-class Accommodations for Man

and Beast.

Stabling for 100 horses. Rates reasonable.

Both English and German spoken.

—00—

P. K. Gable, Proprietor.

—00—

If you have anything to

sell, advertise it in the Independent

GET YOUR Posters Printed at

the Independent Office.

MOISTURE IN BUTTER.

"Leaky" Butter—The Overrun—The

Maximum Commercial Standard.

By G. L. M'KAY and C. LARSEN, Iowa

Experiment Station.

Much American butter has in the past been criticised by commercial judges on account of containing too much moisture (leaky) butter, as butter judges term it, when in reality it showed by chemical analysis only a low percentage of water. This is undoubtedly due to improper incorporation of moisture, as much butter apparently dry contains a high moisture content.

It is also a well known fact that the amount of butter which is being made from a given amount of fat varies a great deal at the different creameries. Some makers are able to produce only 110 pounds of butter from 100 pounds of fat, while some other makers are able to produce 120 pounds of butter of equal commercial quality from the same amount of fat—that is, some are able to get an overrun of only about 10 per cent, while some others obtain an overrun of about 20 per cent.

The amount of overrun is the difference between the amount of pure butter fat and the amount of butter manufactured from that given amount of fat. This difference divided by 100 will give the percentage of overrun.

From the Consumer's Point of View.

When viewed from the consumer's standpoint it may seem at the first impulse that the less moisture which can be incorporated in butter the better it is for the consumer. The reason for this is that it will contain more fat and consequently more nourishment. This, however, is true only to a certain extent. Butter is not eaten so much for the nourishment it contains as it is for the relish it offers, and butter containing between 14 and 16 per cent of moisture is just as relishing and palatable as the butter containing only about 8 or 10 per cent, provided the moisture has been properly incorporated and the qualities are the same. Water is an integral part of the essential food constituents of butter, the same as it is of all other foods, and the percentage of moisture in butter is very low.

Foreign Commercial Standards.

It has been proved from different sources that butter can contain about 16 per cent moisture without injury to its commercial quality and with justice to consumers. Germany has considered 16 per cent of fat as the maximum standard of moisture. England as the greatest butter consuming country has also recommended 16 per cent of water in butter as the maximum standard, and the United States at a great butter producing country ought not to lower this world's butter market standard for moisture. If butter containing a low percentage of moisture (8 to 10 per cent) were demanded by consumers to a greater extent than butter containing from 14 to 16 per cent moisture, then there would be some object in keeping the amount of moisture in butter down to a low standard, as it is in American butter today.

The Danish Butter.

The Danish butter, which is recognized as being the best butter in the world's market, contains on an average nearly 15 per cent moisture. New Zealand and American butter is comparatively dry, and all other brands except the Irish pickled butter contain less moisture than do the Danish. In the face of this the people of the world should be satisfied with the Danish butter at a higher price. The Danish butter is not sold at the top market price on account of containing an excess of moisture. There are other qualities that make Danish butter desirable, but it proves that a high moisture content (about 15 per cent) in itself does not necessarily lower the quality of butter.

From the Producer's Point of View.

When studied from the producer's standpoint it is easy to see that if through skillful means the average moisture content of American butter could be raised from 12 per cent to 15 per cent without injury to the commercial quality of butter, a great additional profit would be added to the dairy industry. It would mean about three pounds of butter more per hundred pounds of fat. It should be distinctly understood that the writers do not favor an excessive amount of moisture in butter, but since the world's best commercial and scientific butter judges have fixed the maximum standard of moisture in good butter to be 16 per cent, it is a matter of business for the producers to come as near to this standard as possible.

Agricultural Notes.

During the first few months of its life alfalfa may be regarded as a tender plant, both as regards cold and drought. After it has passed through its first summer alfalfa is extremely resistant both to cold and to drought.

I value my two acre patch of cowpeas for three weeks' grazing of my hogs just as I begin to fatten them more than I do the best two acre plant of corn on the farm—An Ohio Hog Grower.

Iowa's new state drainage law will, it is claimed, open up about 50,000 acres of waste and swamp land which is capable of being made the finest of farming land.

On all hands is again heard the recommendation from the agricultural writers and experimenters to spray potatoes with Bordeaux as protection against both early and late blight.

Much experimenting upon variations of the life, salt and sugar wash has been made, and under some conditions the wash seems to have been efficient without the salt.

Flowers For Farm Homes.

In order to supply the very large and increasing demand for publications relating to the cultivation of flowers the department of agriculture has issued farmers' bulletin No. 195, entitled "Annual Flowering Plants," which contains suggestions for the use of plants about dwellings and the construction of hotbeds and cold frames. The dates for planting the seed of each of the varieties enumerated in the publication as well as the particular requirements in their cultivation are stated in the discussion of each species. General cultural directions relating to sowing seed, germination, moisture, soil temperature and transplanting are also given. The bulletin contains plans for school gardens.

Good Mulching Material.

Shingle edgings (shingle hair) are excellent for mulching either apple trees or strawberry plants. As in the case of sawdust, it is better to use material that is not quite fresh or take precautions so as to keep it from packing closely about the base of the tree. Sawdust is the most satisfactory material ever used at the station as a winter protection and summer mulch for strawberries. It conserves the moisture effectively and is free from weeds. The best mulch for gooseberries, as for other small fruits, is a fine dust cover provided by thorough cultiva-

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tion. If for any reason this cannot be done, see no objection to the use of pine needles or the "salting hair" referred to above.—Professor C. D. Woods, Maine Experiment Station.

Basking in the Sun.

"Basking in the sun" is in itself of real and considerable benefit, and it is no compliment to our human intelligence to find that cats and dogs understand that fact much better than we do. The love of sunshine is naturally one of our strongest instincts, and we should be far healthier and happier if we followed and developed it instead of practically ignoring and repressing it. How a sparkling sunny morning exhilarates us and makes us feel that "it's too fine a day to spend indoors!" And yet how few holidays are taken for that reason!

The welfare of the sunbathers is poured out lavishly all around us, and we turn from it to struggle for a few pitiful handfuls of something else that is yellow and shining, but not half so likely to bring us happiness and often has strange red spots upon it. Give nature a chance, and we shall find that there is more than a mere fanciful connection between natural sunlight and that "sunny" disposition which, after all, is the true "philosopher's stone."

Legends of the Owl and Raven.

In some parts of Europe an omelet made from the eggs of the long eared owl is believed to be an effective cure for drunkenness.

In Germany the raven is supposed to be able to procure a magic stone that gives invisibility to the wearer. It is apparently not a simple matter to obtain for in the first place, after discovering the nest, you must satisfy yourself that the old birds are at least over a century old. Then you climb to the nest and must either take out an egg, boil it hard and replace it, or if there should be young you must kill a male nestling—it must be a male—and replace it also. After this the spot must be most carefully marked, for the parent bird, if he is old enough, will return with the magic stone, which will render the nest invisible, and it is apparently from the spot where you judge the nest ought to be that you must pluck the prize.—Westminster Gazette.

Nicknames of Kings.

France has been a secession nation—first up, then down—and its position may be reckoned by the kings it had. One was St. Louis, and another was Hutin, meaning "headstrong or mutinous." Another king was the Long, while his successors were Handsome, Fortunate, Good, Wise, Beloved and Affable. France must surely have been on the top then and have progressed farther when two kings were respectively called the father of his people and the father of letters.

There has been a most curious array of sovereigns, the Blue Tooth, Forked Beard, Simple, Hungry, Barefoot, Lamb, Pious and Cruel being among them. This latter, who was Christian II, belied his real name by gaining the additional title of the North. There was probably little happiness in Denmark when he sat upon the throne.

London's Cockney District.

"I am a cockney, born in the sound of the great bell of Bow, in London," said an Englishman. "I am a genuine cockney. That term can be properly applied only to a native of London—a man who was born within the sound of the bell of Bow. The district is composed of foreigners, who take refuge there while fleeing from countries abroad, for they do not have liberty. This floating population, composed of anarchists, nihilists, and, in fact, every one who cannot live elsewhere, composes the largest proportion of the inhabitants of the true cockney district."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

His Culinary Qualification.

Sir Horace Plunkett once told a story of his ranching days in the west. Riding into camp one evening he turned his horse loose and got some supper, which was a nicely cooked meal, even for a cow camp. Recognizing in the cook a cowboy he had formerly employed, Sir Horace said to him: "You were a way up cow hand, but as a cook you are no account. Why did you give up riding and take to cooking? What are your qualifications anyway?" "Qualifications!" he replied. "Why, you know I've got varicose veins!"

Naval Torpedoes.

Torpedoes for the destruction of vessels were first used in the spring of 1861 by the Confederates in the James river. In 1865 the secretary of the navy reported that more ships had been lost by torpedoing than from all other causes. General Rains, chief of the Confederate torpedo service, lost the number at fifty-eight, a greater number than has been destroyed in all the wars since.

A Gastronomic Feat.